Supplemental Material CBE—Life Sciences Education

CBE—Life Sciences Education Bailey *et al.*

Rank	Model ^a	Converged?	AICc	Δi	Best Model ^b
1	(1 Classroom)	Yes	167.98	0	*
2	(1 Classroom $) + (1 $ Semester $)$	No	170.04	2.06	
3	No random effects	Yes	170.86	2.88	
4	(1 Semester)	Yes	172.87	4.89	

Table S1. Selection of random effects to predict gender gaps in verbal participation.

^a Although not shown, models include all fixed effects of interest: Class.Size + Upper.Level + Fem.Inst + Perc.Fem

^b As described in Methods, if models were within 2 AICc, the model with the fewest number of parameters was chosen as the best model.

Table S2. Selection of fixed effects to predict gender gaps in verbal participation.

Rank	Model ^a	AICc	Δi	ω_i	Best Model ^b
1	Perc.Fem	154.64	0	0.28	*
2	Perc.Fem + Upper.Level	156.39	1.75	0.12	
3	Perc.Fem + Class.Size	156.69	2.06	0.10	
4	Perc.Fem + Fem.Inst	156.86	2.22	0.09	
5	No fixed effects	157.08	2.44	0.08	
6	Perc.Fem + Upper.Level + Class.Size	157.75	3.11	0.06	
7	Upper.Level	158.37	3.73	0.04	
8	Perc.Fem + Upper.Level + Fem.Inst	158.65	4.01	0.04	
9	Upper.Level + Class.Size	158.73	4.09	0.04	
10	Class.Size	158.85	4.21	0.03	
11	Perc.Fem + Class.Size + Fem.Inst	158.95	4.32	0.03	
12	Fem.Inst	159.19	4.55	0.03	
13	Perc.Fem + Upper.Level + Class.Size + Fem.Inst	160.05	5.41	0.02	
14	Upper.Level + Fem.Inst	160.48	5.84	0.02	
15	Upper.Level + Class.Size + Fem.Inst	160.99	6.35	0.01	
16	Class. Size + Fem.Inst	161.05	6.41	0.01	

^a Class.Size = # students attending class, Upper.Level = 300- or 400- level class, Fem.Inst = female instructor, Perc.Fem = % females in attendance. Although not shown, all models also include a random effect to allow for a random intercept for each class: (1|Classroom)

^b As described in Methods, if models were within 2 AICc, the model with the fewest number of parameters was chosen as the best model.

Table S3. Selection of random effects to predict gender gaps in verbal participation (controllable variables).

Rank	Model ^a	Converged?	AICc	Δi	Best Model ^b
1	(1 Classroom)	Yes	166.15	0	*
2	(1 Classroom $) + (1 $ Semester $)$	No	168.09	1.94	
3	no random effects	Yes	169.65	3.50	
4	(1 Semester)	No	171.72	5.57	

^a Although not shown, models include all fixed effects of interest: Part.Req + Instructor.Ques + Group.Work + Ov.Call.Rate ^b As described in Methods, if models were within 2 AICc, the model with the fewest number of parameters was chosen as the best model.

Rank	Model ^a	AICc	Δi	ω _i	Best Model ^b
1	Ov.Call.Rate	152.44	0.00	0.24	*
2	Ov.Call.Rate + Group.Work	152.80	0.37	0.20	
3	Ov.Call.Rate + Group.Work + Instructor.Ques	153.62	1.18	0.13	
4	Ov.Call.Rate + Instructor.Ques	153.97	1.53	0.11	
5	Ov.Call.Rate + Part.Req	154.35	1.91	0.09	
6	Ov.Call.Rate + Group.Work + Part.Req	155.04	2.60	0.07	
7	Ov.Call.Rate + Instructor.Ques + Part.Req	155.76	3.33	0.05	
8	Ov.Call.Rate + Group.Work + Instructor.Ques + Part.Req	155.85	3.41	0.04	
9	No fixed effects	157.08	4.64	0.02	
10	Instructor.Ques	158.30	5.86	0.01	
11	Group.Work	158.81	6.37	0.01	
12	Part.Req	159.04	6.60	0.01	
13	Group.Work + Instructor.Ques	159.66	7.22	0.01	
14	Instructor.Ques + Part.Req	160.15	7.71	0.01	
15	Group.Work + Part.Req	160.95	8.51	0.00	
16	Group.Work + Instructor.Ques + Part.Req	161.78	9.34	0.00	

Table S4. Selection of fixed effects to predict gender gaps in verbal participation (controllable variables).

^a Ov.Call.Rate = overall call rate (average # hands called on/# hands raised per student), Instructor.Ques = # questions posed by instructor to the class, Part.Req = degree to which classroom participation is required in students' grades (see Methods), Group.Work = # of times students worked in pairs or groups. Although not shown, all models also include a random effect to allow for a random intercept for each class: (1|Classroom)

^b As described in Methods, if models were within 2 AICc, the model with the fewest number of parameters was chosen as the best model.

Table S5. Results of stepwise multiple linear regression with performance gap as target (including Instructor F8).

Model		Adjusted R ²	Significance (change in R ²)	Variable	B (coefficient)	SE _B	β (standardized coefficient)	p value
1	0.228	0.202	0.007	(Intercept)	-0.435	0.129		0.002
				Percent female in attendance	0.821	0.280	0.478	0.007
2	0.379	0.334	0.015	(Intercept)	-0.473	0.119		< 0.0001
				Female Instructor	0.200	0.077	0.394	0.015
				Percent female in attendance	0.700	0.260	0.408	0.012

Target	R ² A R	djusted	Significance (change in R ²)	Variable	B (coefficient)	SE _B	β (standardized coefficient)	p value
Avg. Female	0.295	0.242	0.009	(Intercept)	2.754	0.167		< 0.0001
Grade				Female Instructor	0.231	0.110	0.345	0.045
				Percent female in attendance	0.818	0.366	0.366	0.034
Avg. Male	0.003	-0.070	0.955	(Intercept)	3.248	0.140		< 0.0001
Grade				Female Instructor	-0.022	0.092	-0.047	0.811
				Percent female in attendance	0.067	0.306	0.043	0.828

Table S6. Results of multiple linear regression to predict male and female performance separately

Table S7. Selection of random effects to predict student performance (course grade z-scores).

Rank	Model ^a	Converged ?	AICc	Δi	Best Model ^b		
1	(1 Classroom)	Yes	5329.60	0	*		
2	(1 Classroom $) + (1 $ Semester $)$	No	5331.60	2.01			
3	(1 Semester)	Yes	5375.92	46.32			
4	No Random Effects	Yes	5376.07	46.47			
^a Although	^a Although not shown, models include all fixed effects of interest: ACT + Fem.Inst + Fem.Stud + Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud						

Table S8. Selection of fixed effects to predict student performance (course grade z-scores).

Rank	Model ^a	AICc	Δi	ω _i	Best Model ^b
1	ACT + Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud	5316.7	0	0.237	*
2	ACT + Fem.Stud + Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud	5316.7	0	0.237	
3	ACT + Fem.Inst + Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud	5316.7	0	0.237	
4	ACT + Fem.Inst + Fem.Stud + Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud	5316.7	0	0.237	
5	ACT + Fem.Stud	5321.6	4.9	0.020	
6	ACT + Fem.Inst + Fem.Stud	5322.0	5.3	0.017	
7	ACT	5323.5	6.9	0.008	
8	ACT + Fem.Inst	5324.0	7.3	0.006	

^a ACT = ACT score, Fem.Inst = Female Instructor, Fem.Stud = Female Student, Fem.Inst*Fem.Stud = Interaction between instructor gender and student gender. Only models with $\Delta i < 10$ are shown (in fact, the next best model has a $\Delta i = 164$). Although not shown, all models also include a random effect to allow for a random intercept for each class: (1|Classroom). ^b As described in Methods, if models were within 2 AICc, the model with the fewest number of parameters was chosen as the

best model.